# OPERATIONS MANUAL LPM-LX800-G

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# **REVISION HISTORY**

# P/N 400-0351-000

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080814	Α	08-99
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090717	С	
090805	C.1	
101019	C.2	10-65

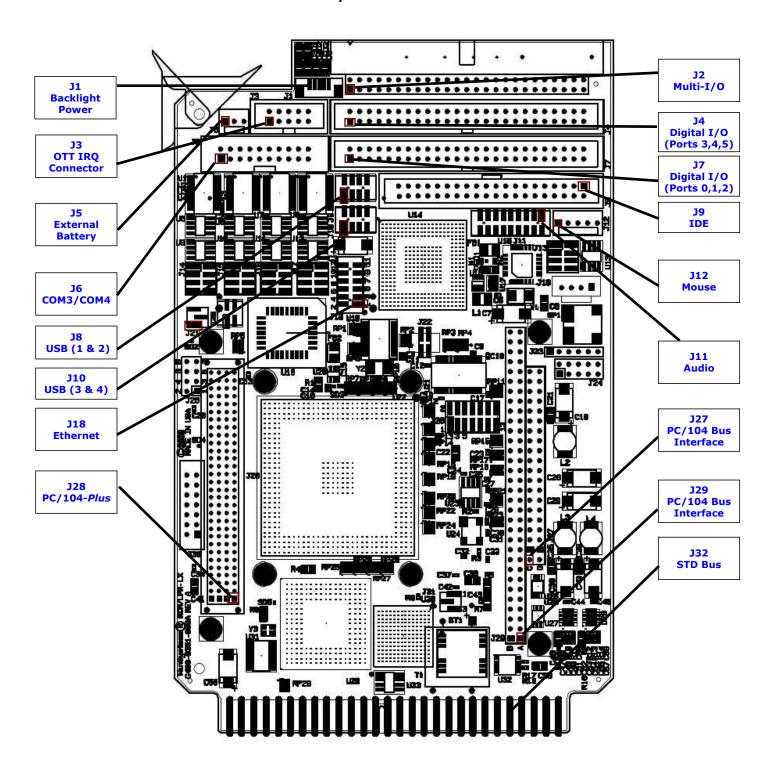
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# <u>Visual Index - Quick Reference</u>

**Top View - Connectors** 

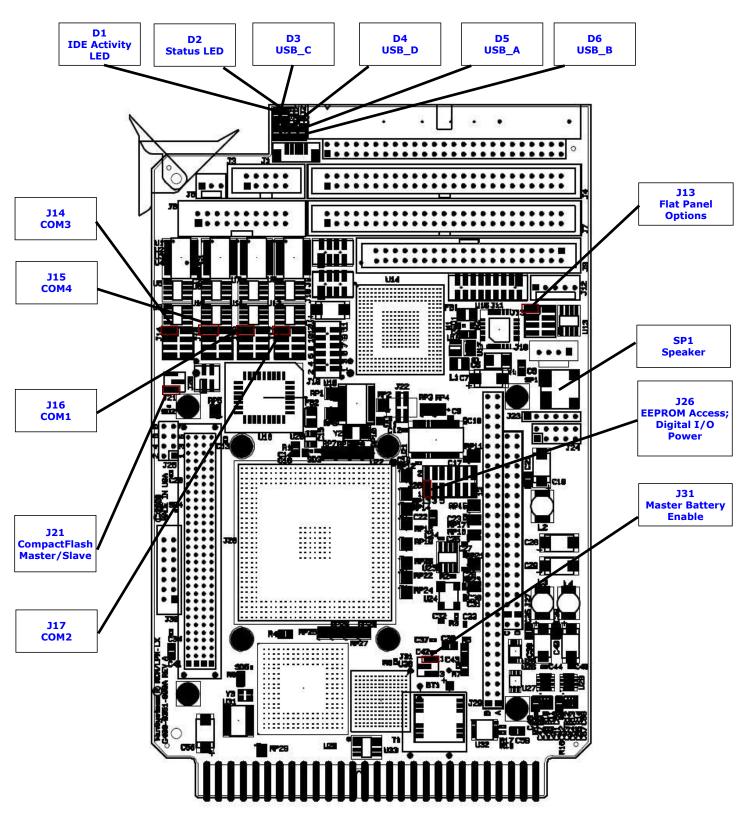


J20, J22, J23, J24, J25, J30 - RESERVED

**NOTE:** The reference line to each component part has been drawn to Pin 1, and is also highlighted with a square, where applicable.

# <u>Visual Index - Quick Reference</u>

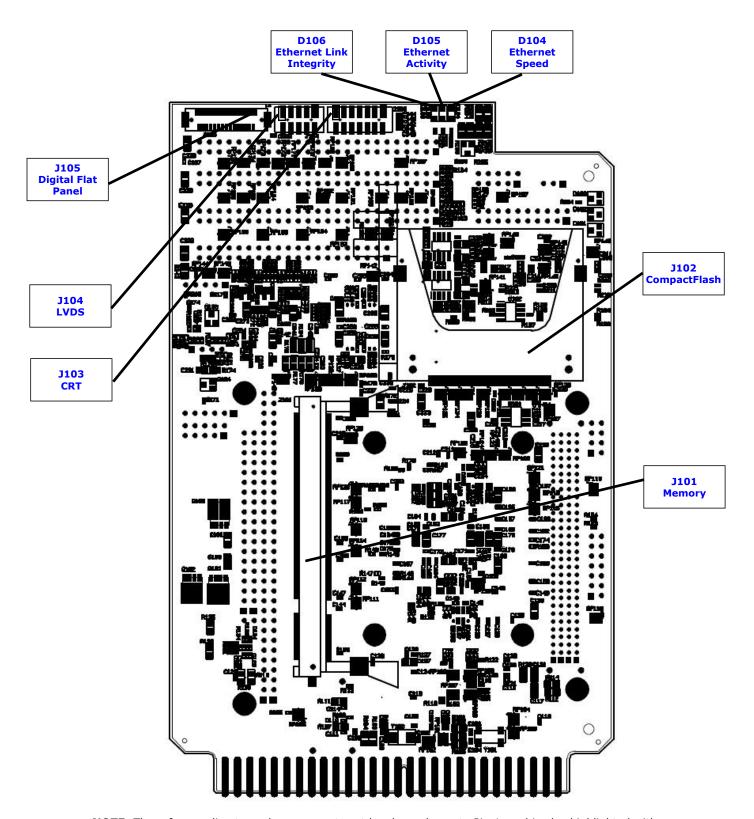
**Top View - Jumpers & LEDs** 



**NOTE:** The reference line to each component part has been drawn to Pin 1, and is also highlighted with a square, where applicable.

# <u>Visual Index - Quick Reference</u>

### **Bottom View - Connectors & LEDs**



**NOTE:** The reference line to each component part has been drawn to Pin 1, and is also highlighted with a square, where applicable.

# **Introduction**

This manual is intended to provide the necessary information regarding configuration and usage of the LPM-LX800-G board. WinSystems maintains a Technical Support Group to help answer questions not adequately addressed in this manual. Contact Technical Support at (817) 274-7553, Monday through Friday, between 8 AM and 5 PM Central Standard Time (CST).

# **Features**

#### **Processor**

AMD Geode™ LX800

### **Compatible Operating Systems**

Windows XP Embedded, Linux, DOS, Windows XP, x86 RTOS

#### Memory

Up to 1 GB of 200-pin SODIMM PC2700 DDR SDRAM (Socketed)

#### **Video**

- CRT or Flat Panel operation (simultaneous operation supported)
- Up to 1920x1200 CRT resolution
- Up to 1600x1200 Flat Panel resolution
- Digital Flat Panel and LVDS Supported
- Up to 18-bits/pixel color panel support

#### **Ethernet**

Intel 82551ER 10/100 Mbps controller

### Digital I/O

48 Bidirectional lines (WS16C48)

#### Serial I/O

Four (4) serial ports (RS-232/422/485)

#### **Line Printer Port**

Bidirectional (SPP)

### **USB**

• Four (4) USB 2.0 ports

### **Watchdog Timer**

Up to 255 minute reset

### CompactFlash

• Types I & II supported

#### **IDE**

• One (1) Ultra DMA IDE port supports up to two (2) devices

#### Power

+5V required, 1.6A typical

# **Industrial Operating Temperature Range**

-40°C to 85°C

#### Form Factor

- STD Bus-compliant
- 4.50" x 7.00" (114.30 mm x 177.80 mm)

### **Additional Specifications**

- RoHS compliant
- PC/104 and PC/104-Plus expansion connectors
- InSyde BIOS
- Backlight power supported
- On-board battery plus connector for off-board battery
- Replaces WinSystems' products: LPM/MCM-6117, LPM/MCM-TX, LPM/MCM-DX5
- Custom splash screen on start up
- Real-time clock
- Activity status LEDs on-board
- AC97 Support
- PS/2 Keyboard Supported
- PS/2 Mouse Supported

# **Functional Capability**

# **System Processor**

The LPM-LX800-G board is based upon a 500 MHz AMD Geode™ LX800 and the CS5536 companion chip. These devices incorporate the CPU, 128 KB of cache, FPU, DDR SDRAM controller, Flash/ROM controller, an integrated display controller, audio controller, PCI controller and the RTC/CMOS RAM.

### **Memory**

The LPM-LX800-G can support a maximum of 1 GB of RAM with the SODIMM socket located on the back of the board at **J101**.

Qualified SODIMMS are available directly from WinSystems.

The RAM can be user supplied, but must meet the following criteria:

### 200-Pin SODIMM PC2700 DDR SDRAM with gold fingers (up to 1 GB)

WinSystems cannot guarantee the operation of systems using nonqualified SODIMM modules.

Installation is accomplished by inserting the module into the connector at approximately a 30 degree angle. Press firmly to fully seat the module into the connector and then press the module downward to snap it into the retaining clamps.

Removal is accomplished by gently pulling outward on the retaining clamps until the module springs up to the appropriate removal angle.

# **Interrupt Routing**

Two 82C59A-compatible interrupt controllers accept inputs from the on-board peripherals and the PC/104 Bus, PC/104-Plus Bus and STD Bus connectors. The configuration of interrupt inputs is achieved in the BIOS CMOS setup.

### OTT

An Over The Top (OTT) connector is provided at **J3** to allow front-plane routing of additional interrupt inputs. The interrupts must be configured in the BIOS. The pinout for **J3** is listed below.



	33	
GND	1002	Configurable IRQ
GND	3004	Configurable IRQ
GND	5006	Configurable IRQ
GND	7008	Configurable IRQ
GND	90010	Configurable IRQ
	l	



# **Interrupt Status Register**

One of the unique features of the LPM-LX800-G is the Interrupt Status Register located at 1ECH. This read-only register allows all COM channels to share interrupts and thus frees interrupts for other peripherals. If more than one COM port is configured in the BIOS to use the same interrupt, the Interrupt Status Register can be read to determine which port generates an interrupt. Once a pending interrupt is serviced, the status register should be read again to see if another interrupt is pending before exiting the routine.

### **Interrupt Status Register - 1ECH**

			_	_			
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	COM4	COM3	COM2	COM1

**Note:** A **1** will be read for the device(s) with an interrupt pending.

WinSystems does not provide software support for implementing the Interrupt Status Register to share interrupts. Some operating systems, such as Windows XP and Linux, have support for sharing serial port interrupts and examples are available. The user will need to implement the appropriate software to share interrupts for the other devices.

#### **Power and Reset Interface**

Power is supplied to the LPM-LX800-G through the STD Bus.

### **Power Fail Reset**

A precision voltage comparator monitors the +5V status. Upon detection of an out-of-tolerance condition, the board is reset. This action is critically important in the event of brown-out or power fail conditions. The reset circuit also ensures that the power is nominal before releasing reset. A reset condition occurs when VCC drops between 4.6V and 4.75V for more than 130 ms.

# **Real-Time Clock/Calendar**

A real-time clock is used as the AT-compatible clock/calendar. It supports a number of features including periodic and alarm interrupt capabilities. In addition to the time and date keeping functions, the system configuration is kept in CMOS RAM contained within the clock section.



# **Battery Backup**

A 350 mAH battery supplies the LPM-LX800-G board with standby power for the real-time clock and CMOS setup RAM.



An optional external battery, connected at **J5**, supplies the LPM-LX800-G board with standby power for the real-time clock and CMOS setup RAM. An extended temperature lithium battery capable of backing up the LPM-LX800-G is available from WinSystems, part number BAT-LTC-E-36-27-1 (or BAT-LTC-E-36-16-1 if applicable). Contact your WinSystems' Application Engineer for additional information.

A power supervisory circuit contains the voltage sensing circuit and an internal power switch to route the battery or standby voltage to the circuits selected for backup. The battery automatically switches ON when the VCC of the systems drops below the battery voltage and back OFF again when VCC returns to normal.

### **Master Battery Enable (J31)**

J31



Enables On-board Battery (default)	1-2
Disables On-board Battery	12



**WARNING:** The on-board battery must be DISABLED when using the external battery.

**J**5





WARNING: BAT-LTC-E-36-27-1 (or BAT-LTC-E-36-16-1 if applicable) must be connected at J5. Improper connection may result in explosive failure. It is possible for the battery to violently explode if installed incorrectly. Please be careful to note correct connection at location J5.

# **Rotational Disk Support**

An industry standard 16-bit IDE interface is provided to support up to two hard disks. An IDE activity LED, **D1**, provides visual status during IDE data transfers. The IDE interface is provided via connector **J9**, which is a 40-pin standard connector. WinSystems offers the cable CBL-126-G-10-2.0 to simplify the connection. The pinout for the cable is listed in detail in the cable drawing. The pinout for **J9** is listed below.



	LED	HDCS1	A0	A1	IRQ	DACK	RDY	IOR	MOI	DRQ	GND	20	D1	D2	D3	<b>D</b> 4	D2	9Q	D7	RESET*
	39	37	35	33	31	29	27	25	23	21	19	17	15	13	11	9	7	5	3	1
<b>J</b> 9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0			0		0				0					0
	40	38	36	34	32	30	28	26	24	22	20	18	16	14	12	10	8	6	4	2
·	GND	HDCS3	A2	66/100 MHz	N/C	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	N/C	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	60	D8	GND

# CompactFlash

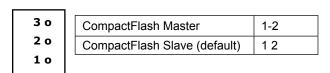
The LPM-LX800-G supports solid state CompactFlash storage devices for applications where the environment is too harsh for mechanical hard disks.



The CompactFlash socket at **J102** supports modules with TrueIDE support. WinSystems offers industrial grade CompactFlash modules that provide high performance and extended temperature operation ( $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+85^{\circ}$ C). An IDE activity LED is present at **D1**.

When using a CompactFlash device, Master/Slave selection is made using jumper field **J21**.





Optionally, a USB FLASH drive can be connected in addition to, or instead of the CompactFlash device. Legacy USB operation is supported by the system BIOS.



# Multi-I/O Interface

The interface to I/O serial channels (COM1-COM2), the printer port and keyboard are all terminated via the connector at **J2**. A cable, part number CBL-247-G-1-1.0, is available from WinSystems to adapt to the conventional I/O connectors. The pinout definition for **J2** is listed below.



	(COM1) DSR	(COM1) RTS	(COM1) CTS	(COM1) RI	(COM2) DCD	(COM2) RSX	(COM2) TXD	(COM2) DTR	(COM2) GND	(LPT) AUTOFD	(LPT) ERROR	(LPT)INIT	(LPT) SLCTIN	(LPT) GND	(LPT) GND	$\widehat{}$	$\hat{\mathcal{L}}$	⊡ ⊡	(KEYBD) +5V						
	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36	38	40	42	44 4	<b>16</b> 4	18 !	50
J2	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0 (	0	0	o
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 (	0	0	o
	1	3	5	7	9	11	13	15	17	19	21	23	25	27	29	31	33	35	<b>37</b>	39	41	43 4	<b>1</b> 5 4	<b>17</b> 4	49
L	DCD (COM1)	RXD (COM1)	TXD (COM1)	DTR (COM1)	GND (COM1)	DSR (COM2)	RTS (COM2)	CTS (COM2)	RI (COM2)	STROBE	PD0 (LPT)	PD1 (LPT)	PD2 (LPT)	PD3 (LPT)	PD4 (LPT)	PD5 (LPT)	PD6 (LPT)	PD7 (LPT)	ACK (LPT)	BUSY (LPT)	PE (LPT)	SLCT (LPT)	_	KDATA (KEYBD)	+5V (KEYBD)

#### **Serial Interface**

Four independent, asynchronous serial channels are on-board. All four ports are RS-232/RS-422/RS-485 configurable. COM1 and COM2 are terminated at **J2**, which is a 50-pin Multi-I/O connector and is described in the Multi-I/O Interface section of this manual. An adapter cable, part number CBL-247-G-1-1.0, is available from WinSystems to adapt to the conventional I/O connectors. Configuration options for RS-232, RS-422 and RS-485 are listed on the following page.

All serial channels are configured as Data Terminal Equipment (DTE). Both the send and receive registers of each channel have a 16-byte FIFO. All serial ports have 16C550-compatible UARTs. The RS-232 drivers have a charge pump to generate the plus and minus voltages so that the LPM-LX800-G only requires +5V to operate.

Independent control of transmit, receive, line status and data set interrupts are on all channels. Each channel is setup to provide internal diagnostics such as loopback and echo mode on the data stream. An independent, software programmable baud rate generator is selectable from 50 through 115.2 kbps. Individual modem handshake control signals are supported for all channels.

COM3 and COM4 are accessible via the connector at **J6**. WinSystems offers an adapter cable, CBL-173-G-1-1.0, which adapts **J6** to two standard DB9M connectors. For additional information on cable connection, refer to the cable drawings. The pinout for **J6** is:

	(COM3) DSR	(COM3) RTS	(COM3) CTS	(COM3) RI	N/C	(COM4) DSR	(COM4) RTS	(COM4) CTS	(COM4) RI	N/C
J6	2	4	6	8	10 o	12	14 0	16	18	20 o
30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1	3	5	7	9	11	13	15	17	19
	рср (сомз)	RX (COM3)	TX (COM3)	DTR (COM3)	GND	DCD (COM4)	RX (COM4)	TX (COM4)	DTR (COM4)	GND

Visual

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### COM1, COM2, COM3 and COM4 Configuration Options

- 1. RS-232 Mode
- 2. RS-422 Mode with RTS transmitter enable
- 3. RS-422 Mode with auto transmitter enable
- 4. RS-485 Mode with RTS transmitter enable
- 5. RS-485 Mode with RTS transmitter enable and echo back
- 6. RS-485 Mode with auto transmitter enable
- 7. RS-485 Mode with auto transmitter enable and echo back

Modes 2, 4 and 5 require the RTS bit (MCR Bit 1) to be set in order to transmit. Mode 4 requires that RTS (MCR Bit 1) be de-asserted in order to receive.

Each of the RS-422/RS-485 modes also allows for jumper selection of transmit and/or receive termination and biasing resistor(s). A 8-pin configuration jumper is provided for each port as described below.

COM1 =**J16** COM2 =**J17** 

COM3 = J14

COM4 = J15

TX(100) : Places a 100Ω resistor across the **TX+/TX-** pair (Pins 3-4)

RX(100) : Places a  $100\Omega$  resistor across the **RX+/RX-** pair (Pins 7-8)

TX/RX(300) : Places a  $100\Omega$  resistor from +5V to **TX/RX+** (Pins 1-2), a  $100\Omega$  resistor

from TX/RX- (Pins 3-4) to ground and a  $100\Omega$  resistor between TX/RX+

and **TX/RX-** (Pins 5-6).

# **Serial Connector Summary**

RS-232 Mode	RS-422 Mode	RS-485 Mode
1. DCD	1. N/A	1. N/A
2. RX	2. TX+	2. TX/RX+
3. TX	3. TX-	3. TX/RX-
4. DTR	4. N/A	4. N/A
5. GND	5. GND	5. GND
6. DSR	6. RX+	6. N/A
7. RTS	7. RX-	7. N/A
8. CTS	8. N/A	8. N/A
9. RI	9. N/A	9. N/A



#### **DB9 Male**

1	2	3	4	5
0	o	o	o	0
	0	0	0	0
	6	7	8	9

# **Serial Port Termination Jumpers**

			erminati	on
			J15, J16	
Mode #	Description	TX	RX	TX/RX
1	DC 222	(100)	(100)	(300)
1	RS-232	N/A	N/A	N/A
2	RS-422 RTS ENABLE	3-4	7-8	1-2 3-4 5-6
3	RS-422 AUTO ENABLE	N/A	7-8	1-2 3-4 5-6
4	RS-485 RTS ENABLE	3-4	N/A	1-2 3-4 5-6
5	RS-485 RTS ENABLE with Echo-Back	3-4	N/A	1-2 3-4 5-6
6	RS-485 AUTO ENABLE	3-4	N/A	1-2 3-4 5-6
7	RS-485 AUTO ENABLE with Echo-Back	N/A	N/A	1-2 3-4 5-6

### **Video Interface**

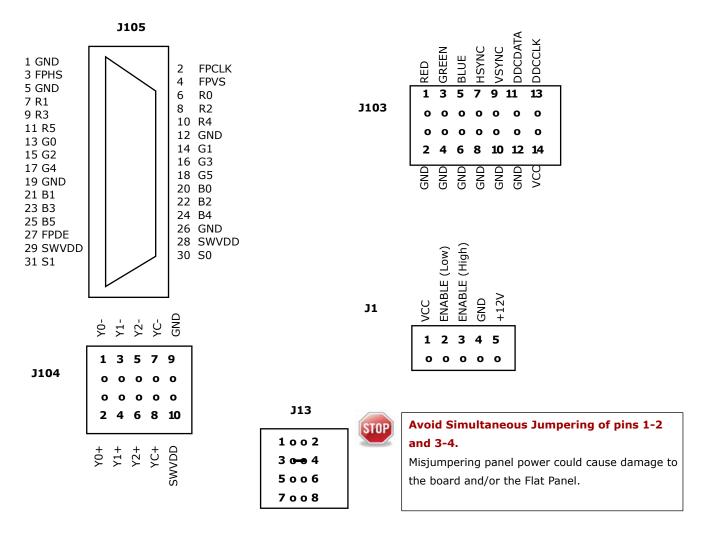


The LPM-LX800-G has an integrated display controller that interfaces to both CRT and flat panel displays. The video output mode is selected in the CMOS setup. Simultaneous flat panel and CRT mode is also supported. The CRT connector is located at **J103**. The direct digital flat panel interface is located at **J105**. The mode is selected in the BIOS. An LVDS interface is located at **J104**. The backlight power connector is located at **J1**. Panel option selection is made at **J13**.



HAZARD WARNING: LCD panels can require a high voltage for the panel backlight. This high-frequency voltage can exceed 1000 volts and can present a shock hazard. Care should be taken when wiring and handling the inverter output. To avoid the danger of shock and to avoid the panel, make all connection changes with the power removed.

Contact your WinSystems' Applications Engineer for information about available cable kits and supported panels. This manual does not attempt to provide any information about how to connect to specific LCDs.



Panel Power	5V	1-2, 3 4
Parier Power	3.3V (default)	1 2, 3-4
	S0 Low	5-6
Panel	S0 High	5 6
Options	S1 Low	7-8
	S1 High	7 8

### **Ethernet Controller**



An Intel 82551ER 32-bit PCI Ethernet controller chip is used for high-speed data transfer. It has auto-negotiation capability for speed, duplex and flow control. It supports IEEE 802.3 10Base-T and 100Base-T in either full- or half-duplex mode at both 10 and 100 Mbps. In full-duplex mode, it adheres to the IEEE 802.x Flow Control Specification.

The Ethernet interface is provided at connector **J18**. WinSystems offers the cable CBL-342-G-1-1.5 to simplify the connection. The pinout for the cable is listed in detail in the cable drawing. The pinout for **J18** is listed below.

J18				
+3V	12 o o 11	LED2		
LED1	10 0 0 9	LED0		
N/C	8007	N/C		
ERX-	6005	N/C		
N/C	4003	ERX+		
ETX-	2001	ETX+		

There are light emitting diodes (LEDs) on the LPM-LX800-G to provide a visual indication of the link status, network activity and network speed. The yellow Link Integrity LED is lit when a valid connection is detected. The green Activity LED blinks on and off when activity is detected on the wire. The red LED is on if a 100Base-T link is detected and off if a 10Base-T link is detected.

On-board Ethernet activity signals are also provided at connector **J18**, as shown above, to allow optional status LEDs to be mounted off-board. The Ethernet activity signals are active low and require an external resistor to limit current to 12-16 mA.

D106	LED0	(YELLOW)	LINK INTEGRITY
D105	LED1	(GREEN)	ACTIVITY
D104	LED2	(RED)	SPEED

**NOTE:** WinSystems cannot provide technical support for direct programming of the 82551ER controller. We suggest utilizing a TCP/IP stack or Network O/S that allows the use of preexisting 82551ER drivers.

### **Status LED**

A status LED is populated on the board at **D2** which can be used for any application specific purpose. The LED can be turned on in software applications by writing a **1** to I/O port 1EDH. The LED can be turned off by writing a **0** to 1EDH.

D2	(GREEN)	STATUS
----	---------	--------

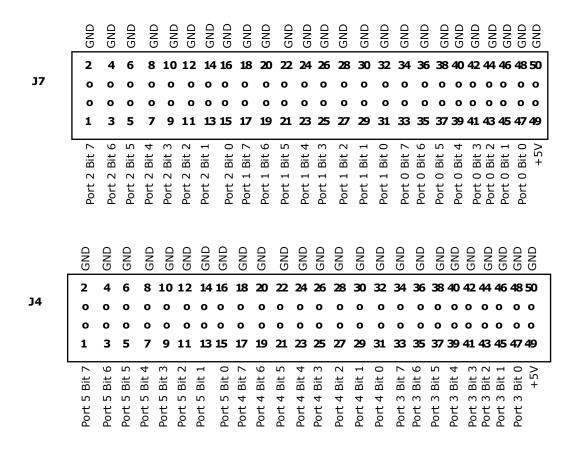
# Digital I/O



The LPM-LX800-G has 48 lines with 10K pullup with a default base address of 120H. These 48 lines are capable of fully latched event sensing with sense polarity being software programmable. Two 50-pin connectors allow for easy mating with industry standard I/O racks. WinSystems' offers an optional 50-pin conductor ribbon cable, CBL-115-4, to adapt to the connectors.

### **Digital I/O Connectors**

The 48 lines of digital I/O are terminated through two 50-pin connectors at **J7** and **J4**. The **J7** connector handles I/O Ports 0 through 2 while **J4** handles Ports 3 through 5. The pin definitions for **J7** and **J4** are shown below.



### Digital I/O VCC Enable

The I/O connectors can provide +5V to an I/O rack or for miscellaneous purposes by jumpering **J26**. When **J26** is jumpered (13-14), +5V is provided at pin 49 of **J4** and **J7**. It is the user's responsibility to limit current to a safe value (less than 400 mA) to avoid damaging the CPU board.

	J26			
Γ	1002			
ı	3004			
ı	5006			
ı	7008			
ı	90010			
ı	11 0 0 12			
ı	13 0 0 14			

+5V is provided at pin 49 of <b>J4/J7</b>	13-14
No Power at Pin 49 of <b>J4/J7</b> (default)	13 14

### WS16C48 Compatible Digital I/O

This device provides 48 lines of digital I/O. The following table summarizes the registers and the text that follows provides details on each of the internal registers.

I/O Address Offset	Page 0	Page 1	Page 2	Page 3
00H	Port 0 I/O	Port 0 I/O	Port 0 I/O	Port 0 I/O
01H	Port 1 I/O	Port 1 I/O	Port 1 I/O	Port 1 I/O
02H	Port 2 I/O	Port 2 I/O	Port 2 I/O	Port 2 I/O
03H	Port 3 I/O	Port 3 I/O	Port 3 I/O	Port 3 I/O
04H	Port 4 I/O	Port 4 I/O	Port 4 I/O	Port 4 I/O
05H	Port 5 I/O	Port 5 I/O	Port 5 I/O	Port 5 I/O
06H	Int_ Pending	Int_ Pending	Int_ Pending	Int_ Pending
07H	Page/Lock	Page/Lock	Page/Lock	Page/Lock
08H	N/A	Pol_0	Enab_0	Int_ID0
09H	N/A	Pol_1	Enab_1	Int_ID1
0AH	N/A	Pol_2	Enab_2	Int_ID2

### **Register Details**

**Port 0 through 1 I/O** – Each I/O bit in each of the six ports can be individually programmed for input or output. Writing a  $\mathbf{0}$  to a bit position causes the corresponding output pin to go to a high-impedance state (pulled high by external 10 K $\Omega$  resistors). This allows it to be used as an input. When used in the input mode, a read reflects the inverted state of the I/O pin, such that a high on the pin will read as a  $\mathbf{0}$  in the register. Writing a  $\mathbf{1}$  to a bit position causes that output pin to sink current (up to 12 mA), effectively pulling it low.

**INT\_PENDING** – This read-only register reflects the combined state of the INT\_ID0 through INT\_ID2 registers. When any of the lower three bits are set, it indicates that an interrupt is pending on the I/O port corresponding to the bit position(s) that are set. Reading this register allows an Interrupt Service Routine to quickly determine if any interrupts are pending and which I/O port has a pending interrupt.

**PAGE/LOCK** – This register serves two purposes. The upper two bits select the register page in use as shown here:

D7	D6	Page
0	0	Page 0
0	1	Page 1
1	0	Page 2
1	1	Page 3

Bits 5-0 allow for locking the I/O ports. A  $\bf 1$  written to the I/O port position will prohibit further writes to the corresponding I/O port.

**POLO - POL2 –** These registers are accessible when Page 1 is selected. They allow interrupt polarity selection on a port-by-port and bit-by-bit basis. Writing a **1** to a bit position selects the rising edge detection interrupts while writing a **0** to a bit position selects falling edge detection interrupts.

**ENABO - ENAB2** – These registers are accessible when Page 2 is selected. They allow for port-by-port and bit-by-bit enabling of the edge detection interrupts. When set to a **1** the edge detection interrupt is enabled for the corresponding port and bit. When cleared to **0**, the bit's edge detection interrupt is disabled. Note that this register can be used to individually clear a pending interrupt by disabling and re-enabling the pending interrupt.

**INT\_IDO - INT\_ID2** - These registers are accessible when Page 3 is selected. They are used to identify currently pending edge interrupts. A bit when read as a **1** indicates that an edge of the polarity programmed into the corresponding polarity register has been recognized. Note that a write to this register (value ignored) clears ALL of the pending interrupts in this register.

### **Audio Interface**



The LPM-LX800-G has an audio interface designed to provide high-quality audio reproduction for embedded systems use. The LPM-LX800-G provides three stereo line level channels (or 5.1 surround), line level input and microphone.

#### **Audio External Connection**

**J11** provides the audio connection. WinSystems offers both a simplified cable CBL-270-G-3-1.5 and a full 6 channel cable CBL-270-G-2-1.5 to accomplish this connection. The pin definitions for **J11** are provided below:

### **CD Input**

A secondary line level input is also provided at **J19**. This input is designed primarily for feeding the CD-ROM audio output to the board for multimedia presentations. The pin definitions for **J19** are:

### **Speaker**

An on-board speaker, **SP1**, is available for sound generation. A beep code is generated that corresponds to any BIOS error codes (if required) during the power-up or reset sequence.

# **Beep Codes**

Reference the chart below for the appropriate Insyde BIOS Beep Codes.

Number of	Beep Code	
Beeps	Description	
1	No problem	
2	Time/Date/CMOS checksum failure	
3 or more	Video RAM failure	

### **Line Printer Port**

The LPT port is a multimode parallel printer port that supports the PS/2 Standard Bidirectional Parallel Port (SPP). The output drivers support 9 mA per line.



The LPT interface is provided at connector **J2**, which is the Multi-I/O connector. WinSystems offers the cable CBL-343-G-1-1.375 to simplify the connection. Pinouts for the connector and cable are listed in detail in the cable drawing.

The printer port can also be used as two additional general-purpose I/O ports if a printer is not required. The first port is configured as eight input or output only lines. The other port is configured as five input and three output lines.

# **Keyboard**

An integrated 80C42 equivalent keyboard controller supports a PS/2 keyboard. Interface is provided at the Multi-I/O connector, **J2.** Optionally, a USB keyboard can be connected in addition to, or instead of the standard PS/2 keyboard.



### **Mouse Interface**

A PS/2 mouse port provides connection for a compatible mouse and is terminated at **J12**. An adapter cable, CBL-343-G-1-1.375, is available from WinSystems to simplify the connection. Optionally, a USB mouse can be connected in addition to, or instead of the standard PS/2 mouse.

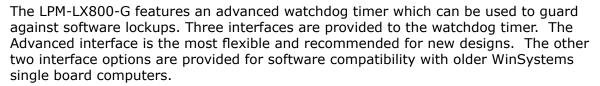


### **USB**

Up to two USB cables may be attached to the LPM-LX800-G via the connectors for a total of four USB 2.0 ports. These are terminated to an 8-pin, 2 mm connector at **J8** and **J10**. An adapter cable CBL-275-G-1-0.5 is available from WinSystems for connection. The pinout for the connector is:



# **Watchdog Timer**





#### **Advanced**

The watchdog timer can be enabled in the BIOS Settings by entering a value for Watchdog Timeout on the Peripherals screen. Any non-zero value represents the number of minutes prior to reset during system boot. Once the operating system is loaded, the watchdog can be disabled or reconfigured in the application software.

**NOTE:** It is recommended that a long timeout be used if the watchdog is enabled when trying to boot any operating system.

The watchdog can be enabled, disabled or reset by writing the appropriate values to the configuration registers located at I/O addresses 565h and 566h. The watchdog is enabled by writing a timeout value other than zero to the I/O address 566h and disabled by writing **00h** to this I/O address. The watchdog timer is serviced by writing the desired timeout value to I/O port 566h. If the watchdog has not been serviced within the allotted time, the circuit resets the CPU.

The timeout value can be set from 1 second to 256 minutes. If port 565h bit 7 equals  $\mathbf{0}$ , the timeout value written into I/O address 566h is in minutes. The timeout value written to address 566h is in seconds if port 565 bit 7 equals  $\mathbf{1}$ .

### **Watchdog Timer Examples**

Port Address	Port Bit 7 Value	Port Address	Value	Reset Interval
565H	X	566H	00h	DISABLED
565H	1	566H	03h	3 SECONDS
565H	1	566H	1Eh	30 SECONDS
565H	0	566H	04h	4 MINUTES
565H	0	566H	05h	5 MINUTES

#### Standard

The watchdog can be enabled or disabled via software by writing an appropriate timeout value to I/O port 1EEH. See the chart provided below.

Port Address	Value	Reset Interval
	00h	DISABLED
1FFH	01h	3 SECONDS
1000	03h	30 SECONDS
	05h	300 SECONDS
1EFH	ANY	RESET TIMER

#### Legacy

The Legacy watchdog timer has a fixed reset interval of 1.5 seconds. The watchdog can be enabled by writing 1 or disabled by writing a 0 to I/O port address 1D0.

Port Address	Value	Reset Interval
1D0	00h	DISABLED
	01h	Enabled 1.5 sec
1D8H	ANY	RESET TIMER

# PC/104 Bus Interface



The PC/104 bus is electrically equivalent to the 16-bit ISA bus. Standard PC/104 I/O cards can be populated on LPM-LX800-G's PC/104 buses, located at **J27** and **J29**. The interface does not support hot swap capability. The PC/104 bus connector pin definitions are provided here for reference. Refer to the PC/104 Bus Specification for specific signal and mechanical specifications.

	J27			J29	
GND	D0 o o C0	GND	IOCHK#	A1 o o B1	GND
MEMCS16#	D1 0 0 C1	SBHE#	SD7	A2 o o B2	RESET
IOCS16#	D2 o o C2	LA23	SD6	A3 o o B2	+5V
IRQ10	D3 o o C3	LA22	SD5	A4 o o B4	IRQ9
IRQ11	D4 o o C4	LA21	SD4	A5 o o B5	-5V
IRQ12	D5 o o C5	LA20	SD3	A6 o o B6	DRQ2
IRQ15	D6 o o C6	LA19	SD2	A7 o o B7	-12V
IRQ14	D7 o o C7	LA18	SD1	A8 o o B8	SRDY#
DACK0#	D8 o o C8	LA17	SD0	A9 o o B9	+12V
DRQ0	D9 o o C9	MEMR#	IOCHRDY	A10 o o B10	KEY
DACK5#	D10 o o C10	MEMW#	AEN	A11 o o B11	SMEMW#
DRQ5	D11 o o C11	SD8	SA19	A12 o o B12	SMEMR#
DACK6#	D12 o o C12	SD9	SA18	A13 o o B13	IOW#
DRQ6	D13 o o C13	SD10	SA17	A14 o o B14	IOR#
DACK7#	D14 o o C14	SD11	SA16	A15 o o B15	DACK3#
DRQ7	D15 o o C15	SD12	SA15	A16 o o B16	DRQ3
+5V	D16 o o C16	SD13	SA14	A17 o o B17	DACK1#
MASTER#	D17 o o C17	SD14	SA13	A18 o o B18	DRQ1
GND	D18 o o C18	SD15	SA12	A19 o o B19	REFRESH#
GND	D19 o o C19	KEY	SA11	A20 o o B20	BCLK
			SA10	A21 o o B21	IRQ7
			SA9	A22 o o B22	IRQ6
			SA8	A23 o o B23	IRQ5
			SA7	A24 o o B24	IRQ4
			SA6	A25 o o B25	IRQ3
# = Active Low		Signal	SA5	A26 o o B26	DACK2#
		Signal	SA4	A27 o o B27	TC
			SA3	A28 o o B28	BALE
			SA2	A29 o o B29	+5V
			SA1	A30 o o B30	osc
			SA0	A31 o o B31	GND
			GND	A32 o o B32	GND
					I

### NOTES:

- 1. Rows C and D are not required on 8-bit modules.
- 2. B10 and C19 are key locations. WinSystems uses key pins as connections to GND.
- 3. Signal timing and function are as specified in ISA specification.
- 4. Signal source/sink current differ from ISA values.

# PC/104-Plus Bus Interface



The PC/104-Plus is electrically equivalent to the 33 MHz PCI bus and is terminated to a 120-pin, nonstackthrough connector. The standard PC/104-Plus I/O modules can be populated on LPM-LX800-G's PC/104-Plus bus. The interface does not support hot swap capability. The PC/104-Plus bus connector is located at **J28**. Refer to the PC/104-Plus Bus Specification for specific signal and mechanical specifications. The pin definitions are:

Pin	Α	В	С	D
1	GND	RESERVED	+5	AD00
2	VI/O	AD02	AD01	+5V
3	AD05	GND	AD04	AD03
4	C/BE0#	AD07	GND	AD06
5	GND	AD09	AD08	GND
6	AD11	VI/O	AD10	M66EN
7	AD14	AD13	GND	AD12
8	+3.3V	C/BE1#	AD15	+3.3V
9	SERR#	GND	RESERVED	PAR
10	GND	PERR#	+3.3V	RESERVED
11	STOP#	+3.3V	LOCK#	GND
12	+3.3V	TRDY#	GND	DEVSEL#
13	FRAME#	GND	IRDY#	+3.3V
14	GND	AD16	+3.3V	C/BE2#
15	AD18	+3.3V	AD17	GND
16	AD21	AD20	GND	AD19
17	+3.3V	AD23	AD22	+3.3V
18	IDSEL0	GND	IDSEL1	IDSEL2
19	AD24	C/BE3#	VI/O	IDSEL3
20	GND	AD26	AD25	GND
21	AD29	+5V	AD28	AD27
22	+5V	AD30	GND	AD31
23	REQ0#	GND	REQ1#	VI/O
24	GND	REQ2#	+5V	GNT0#
25	GNT1#	VI/O	GNT2#	GND
26	+5V	CLK0	GND	CLK1
27	CLK2	+5V	CLK3	GND
28	GND	INTD#	+5V	RST#
29	+12V	INTA#	INTB#	INTC#
30	-12V	REQ3#	GNT3#	GND

NOTE: 1. The shaded area denotes power or ground signals.

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# **BIOS Supplemental**

### **General Information**

The LPM-LX800-G includes BIOS from Insyde Software, Inc. to assure full compatibility with PC operating systems and software. The basic system configuration is stored in battery backed CMOS RAM within the clock/calendar. As an alternative, the CMOS configuration may be stored in EEPROM for operation without a battery. For more information of CMOS configuration, see the BIOS Settings Storage Options section of this manual. Access to this setup information is via the Setup Utility in the BIOS.

# Visual Index

### **Entering Setup**

To enter setup, power up the computer and press **F1** when either the splash screen is displayed or when the **Press F1 for Setup** message is displayed. It may take a few seconds before the main setup menu screen is displayed.

### **Navigation of the Menus**

Use the **Up** and **Down** arrow keys to move among the selections and press **Enter** when a selection is highlighted to enter a sub-menu or to see a list of choices. Pressing the letter corresponding to each menu option is a shortcut that opens the next dialogue box with one key press.

Following are images of each menu screen in the default configuration along with a brief description of each option where applicable. Available options are listed in reference tables. Menu values shown in **bold** typeface are factory defaults.

Note: Defaults are indicated in **bold** for BIOS properties. Default options that cannot be user-modified are indicated with grey text.

Main Menu
A. Time 11:34:30
B. Date 08/05/2009
C. Peripheral Device, PCI, USB, STD, and PC-104 Buses
D. Memory and Cache
E. Environmental
F. Power Management
G. Miscellaneous Configuration
H. Serial Console
O. Boot Order
L. Load Defaults
S. Save Changes Without Exit
Q. Exit Without Save
X. Save Changes and Exit
T. Save Changes to EEPROM and Exit
Z. Clear EEPROM

Each available option is listed in detail in the following sections.

Navigation to the screens is located at the top of each screen's layout.

# C. Peripheral Device, PCI, USB, STD, and PC-104 Buses >

### A. Storage

### **IDE Configuration**

Primary ATA Controller: Enabled

BIOS Support: Enabled

Cable Sense: Auto

DMA/UDMA Support: Enabled

Drive 1 Mode: Auto

Drive 2 Mode: Auto

Options:

Primary ATA Controller:	<b>BIOS Support:</b>	Cable Sense:	DMA/UDMA	Drive 1 Mode:	Drive 2 Mode:
Enabled	Enabled	Auto	Support:	Auto	Auto
Disabled	Disabled	None (Disabled)	Enabled	PIO 0	PIO 0
		Force 40 Conductor Cable	Disabled	PIO 1	PIO 1
		Force 80 Conductor Cable		PIO 2	PIO 2
				PIO 3	PIO 3
				PIO 4	PIO 4
				MDMA 0	MDMA 0
				MDMA 1	MDMA 1
				MDMA 2	MDMA 2
				UDMA 0	UDMA 0
				UDMA 1	UDMA 1
				UDMA 2	UDMA 2
				UDMA 3	UDMA 3
				UDMA 4	UDMA 4
				UDMA 5	UDMA 5

USB Floppy Support: Enabled

Options: Enabled Disabled

Force USB Floppy to Drive A: Enabled

Options: Enabled Disabled

CD-ROM Boot Support: Enabled

Options: Enabled Disabled

C. Peripheral Device, PCI, USB, STD, and PC-104 Buses > B. Peripherals					
Serial Ports					
Port A: Enabled	BRG: LO	Addr: <b>0x03F8</b>	IRQ: <b>4</b>	I/F: <b>RS232</b>	
Port B: <b>Enabled</b>	BRG: LO	Addr: <b>0x02F8</b>	IRQ: 3	I/F: <b>RS232</b>	
Port C: Enabled	BRG: <b>LO</b>	Addr: <b>0x03E8</b>	IRQ: 5	I/F: <b>RS232</b>	
Port D: Enabled	BRG: <b>LO</b>	Addr: <b>0x02E8</b>	IRQ: 6	I/F: <b>RS232</b>	
Options:	N				
Port x: Enabled Disabled	BRG: LO HI	<b>Addr:</b> 0x0100-0xfff8	IRQ: None 3 4 5 6 7 9 10 11 12 14	I/F: RS232 RS422 RTS RS422 Auto RS485 RTS RS485 RTS w/Echo RS485 Auto RS485 Auto	
Parallel Port: <b>Enabled</b>	Addr: <b>0x0378</b>	IRQ: <b>7</b>	MODE: Comp	atible	
Options:	Addr:	IRQ:			
Enabled Disabled	0x0100 - 0xfff8	None 3 4 5 6 7 9 10 11 12 14	Compatible PS/2 Bidir		
Digital I/O: Enabled	Addr: <b>0x0120</b>	IRQ: None			
Options:					
<b>Digital I/O:</b> Enabled Disabled	<b>Addr:</b> 0x0100 - 0xfff8	IRQ: None 3 4 5 6 7 9 10 11 12 14			
Assign IRQ 12 to Mouse: Enabled					
Options: Enabled, Disabled					
Watch-Dog Timeout: 0					
Options: {Enter any value between 0-255 for minutes.}					
CTC IRQ: None					
Options: None, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15					

<ul><li>C. Peripheral Device, PCI, USB, STD, and F</li><li>C. Graphics</li></ul>	PC-104 Buses >		
Internal Controller Mode: Secondary Controller			
Options: Secondary Controller Disabled Primary Controller			
Graphics Memory: 24	Driver Controls Init: <b>Disabled</b>		
Options: {Enter any value between 2-254 for graphics memory size.}	Options:		
Output Display: CRT	DOTPLL Bypass: <b>Disabled</b>		
Options: CRT Flat Panel Panel and CRT Auto	Options: Disabled Enabled		
Flat Panel Configuration (All properties and options are dis	sabled by default due to Output Display set to CRT.)		
Type: <b>TFT</b>			
Options: TFT LVDS Auto			
Resolution: 800x600	HSYNC Polarity: Active Low		
Options: 800x600 1024x768 1152x864 1280x1024 1600x1200 320x240 640x480	Options: Active Low Active High		
Data Bus Type: 9-24 bits, 1 ppc	VSYNC Polarity: Active Low		
Options: 9-24 bits, 1 ppc 18,24 bits, 2 ppc	Options: Active Low Active High		
Refresh Rate: 60 Hz	LP Active Period: Free Running		
Options: 60 Hz 70 Hz 72 Hz 75 Hz 85 Hz 90 Hz	Options: Free Running Active Only		
	SHFCLK Active Period: Free Running		
	Options: Free Running Active Only		
Software Backlight Control (All properties and options are	disabled by default due to Output Display set to CRT.)		
Backlight Enable: <b>Enabled</b>	Initial Brightness: Last Value		
Options: Enabled Disabled	Options: Last Value 0% (Off) 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100% (Full On)		

C. Peripheral Device, PCI, USB, STD, and PC-104 Buses > D. PCI, USB, and STD Buses					
PCI Interrupt Steeri	ng				
PCI INTA#: IRQ 1	1				PCI INTB#: IRQ 10
PCI INTC#: IRQ	LO				PCI INTD#: IRQ 11
Options: None IRQ 3 IRQ 4 IRQ 5 IRQ 6 IRQ 7 IRQ 9 IRQ 10 IRQ 11 IRQ 12 IRQ 14 IRQ 15					
USB Settings					
OHCI: <b>Enabled</b> Options: Enabled Disabled					EHCI: <b>Enabled</b> Options: Enabled Disabled
UDC: Disabled					UOC: <b>Disabled</b>
Options: Enabled Disabled					Options: Enabled Disabled
Overcurrent Repor	ting: <b>Disabled</b>				Port 4 Assignment: <b>Host</b>
Options: Enabled Disabled					Options: Host Device Not Used
OverTheTop Interrup	ot Steering				
PIN 2: <b>None</b>	PIN 4: <b>None</b>	PIN 6: None	PIN	8: None	PIN 10: None
Options: None, 3, 4, 5	5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11,	12, 14, 15			
STD Bus Interrupt Sterring					
PIN 37: None	PIN 44: None		PIN 46:	None	PIN 50: <b>None</b>
Options: None, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15					
STD Bus PIN Function					
PIN 39: <b>MEMCS16</b>			PIN 40: <b>I</b>	OCS16	
Options: MEMCS16 STATUS0			Options: IOCS16 STATUS1		

Note: Defaults are indicated in **bold** for BIOS properties. Default options that cannot be user-modified are indicated with grey text.

# C. Peripheral Device, PCI, USB, STD, and PC-104 Buses > E. PC-104 Bus **PC-104 Bus Interrupt Steering** IRQ3: Disabled IRQ4: Disabled IRQ5: Disabled IRQ6: Disabled IRQ7: Disabled IRQ9: Disabled IRQ10: Disabled IRQ11: Disabled IRQ12: Disabled IRQ14: Disabled IRQ15: Disabled Options: Enabled Disabled

Note: Defaults are indicated in **bold** for BIOS properties. Default options that cannot be user-modified are indicated with grey text.

D. Memory and Cache					
Cache Enable:	Enabled	Cache Mode:	Write-Back		
<i>Options:</i> Enabled Disabled		<i>Options:</i> Write-Back Write-Through			
L2 Cache Enable:	Enabled	Cache Allocate:	Disabled		
Options: Enabled Disabled		Options: Enabled Disabled			

E. Environmental
Thermal SetPoints
Ambient High Temperature: 45
Options: {Enter temperature value in Celsius.}
CPU High Temperature: <b>80</b>
Options: {Enter temperature value in Celsius.}
Read Current Temperatures and Voltages (default values vary depending on current temperatures and voltages)
Ambient Temperature: 0
CPU Temperature: 0
2.60V Voltage: 0
1.26V Voltage: 0
3.30V Voltage: 0
5.00V Voltage: 0
12.0V Voltage: 0
1.30V Voltage: 0

# F. Power Management BIOS PM at Boot: Disabled Options: Enabled Disabled APM Available: Yes Options: Yes No ACPI Available: Yes Options: Yes No S1 Clocks: On (Most Power) Options: On (Most Power) Off (Least Power) Off (With PS2 Wake) (Middle Power) P-State Limit: P0 Options: P0 P1 CPU Clock Gating: Enabled Options: Enabled Disabled Chipset Clock Gating: Enabled Options: Enabled

Disabled

#### G. Miscellaneous Configuration

Display F1 Messages: Enabled

Options: Enabled Disabled

#### **Splash Screen Configuration**

Splash Screen: Enabled

Options: Enabled Disabled

Splash Screen Timeout: 0

Options:

Enter milliseconds to wait (0, 1-65535 - 0=default:3000).}

Clear Splash Screen: Enabled

Options: Enabled Disabled

#### **Summary Screen/AUX BIOS Message Configuration**

Summary Screen/AUX BIOS Messages: Enabled

Options: Enabled Disabled

Summary Screen Timeout: 0

Options:

{Enter milliseconds to wait (0, 1-65535 - 0=default:3000).}

#### **PC Speaker Configuration**

AC Beeper: Enabled

Options: Enabled Disabled

#### **Setup Password Configuration**

Set Password Enable: Disabled

Options: Enabled Disabled

Setup Pin: 0

*Options:* {1,1-9999}

Unsigned decimal number (Prefix with x or \$ for Hex)

H. Serial Console	
Console Type: Normal Video/Keyboard	*Baud rate defaults to 38400
Options: Normal Video/Keyboard Serial Console Only Keyboard/Video and Serial	
Port: COM1 (3F8 IRQ 4)	
Options: COM1 (3F8 IRQ 4) COM2 (2F8 IRQ 3) COM3 (3E8 IRQ 5) COM4 (2E8 IRQ 6)	
Baud Rate: <b>38400</b>	
Options: 1200 2400 4800 9600 19200 38400 57600 115200	

 $<sup>^{*}</sup>$  Serial console in Normal Video/Keyboard mode is still available using WINCOM when attached to COM1 using 38400.

#### O. Boot Order

#### **Boot Order**

- 1. Hard Drive
- 2. USB Floppy Disk
- 3. USB Hard Disk/Flash Drive
- 4. USB CD-ROM Drive
- 5. CD-ROM Drive

Options:
None
Hard Drive
CD-ROM Drive
USB Floppy Disk
USB Hard Disk/Flash Drive
USB CD-ROM Drive

# **BIOS Settings Storage Options**

## **CMOS Storage Location**

The LPM-LX800-G's BIOS configuration is stored in three (3) locations:

- (1) CMOS RAM (nonvolatile if battery backed)
- (2) EEPROM (nonvolatile storage for user defaults)
- (3) FLASH PROM (nonvolatile storage for factory defaults)

# **Saving the CMOS Configuration**

The Real-Time Clock and the CMOS RAM settings can be maintained by an optional battery when the board is powered off. The battery can be enabled/disabled with jumper pins 1 and 2 at **J31**. A battery is always required to maintain time and date functions when the board is powered off.

The EEPROM feature allows the user to save CMOS configuration settings to nonvolatile storage that does not require a battery. This feature can be enabled/disabled using pins 11 and 12 of **J26**. When enabled, the user's CMOS settings can be saved to EEPROM from the BIOS utility's Main Menu. If the board is powered off with no battery, the user's CMOS settings will be restored from EEPROM but time and date information will be lost and returned to default values.

	J26	
ſ	1002	
l	3 o o 4	
l	5 o o 6	
l	7 o o 8	
l	9 o o 10	
l	11 œ 12	
1	13 o o 14	

Reserved	1-10
EEPROM Enabled (default)	11-12
EEPROM Disabled	11 12
+5V is provided at pin 49 of <b>J4/J7</b>	13-14
No Power at Pin 49 of <b>J4/J7</b> (default)	13 14

At system boot, the BIOS first performs a checksum validation on the contents of the CMOS RAM. Invalid checksums usually occur due to a low or disabled battery. If the checksum is valid, the system boots using values stored in CMOS RAM. If a checksum error occurs, the BIOS attempts to load CMOS values from the EEPROM.

After a checksum validation, the BIOS configuration is loaded from the EEPROM and the boot process continues. If the EEPROM is disabled or the contents of the EEPROM fail the checksum validation, the system loads the factory default settings from the FLASH PROM and continues the boot sequence.

For applications where the battery is present, CMOS settings should be saved to both the CMOS RAM and to the EEPROM. If the battery fails, the CMOS defaults will be loaded from the EEPROM so the system can continue to function without user interaction and only time and date information will be lost.

#### **Resetting CMOS to EEPROM defaults**

If a battery is present, you can reset the CMOS RAM to the values stored in EEPROM by turning the system off and removed the jumper from **J31** pins 1 and 2 for a few seconds. Replace the jumper and reboot. When power is applied to the board, the system will boot with the CMOS settings that were stored in EEPROM.

### **Resetting CMOS and EEPROM to Factory Defaults**

The LPM-LX800-G can normally be returned to the factory default BIOS configuration by selecting option **L. Load Defaults** on the BIOS Main Menu. If you need to reload the factory defaults, be sure to save them to CMOS RAM and to EEPROM using the options on the BIOS Main Menu.

If you have saved CMOS values that prevent you from accessing the BIOS menus, the board can be reset to factory defaults as follows:

- 1) Turn the system off.
- 2) Remove the jumper from pins 11-12 on **J26**.
- 3) Turn the system on and enter the BIOS Main Menu using the **F1** key.
- 4) Select L. Load Defaults.
- 5) Replace the jumper on pins 11-12 at **J26**.
- 6) Save the restored defaults to CMOS and EEPROM (options S and T, respectively).

#### **Updating the BIOS FLASH PROM**

The most recent LPM-LX800-G BIOS is available on the WinSystems website. However, it is highly recommended that an Applications Engineer be consulted prior to any BIOS FLASH PROM update. If the BIOS PROM is updated, the steps described above must be followed to reset the CMOS and EEPROM to the newly loaded factory defaults and to clear the data from the previous BIOS version.

# **Serial Console Reference**

#### Introduction

This section documents the usage of the WinSystems Serial Console feature present on the LPM-LX800-G board. The serial console consists of special BIOS code and a special terminal program used to communicate with the board. The serial console WINCOM.EXE provides access to the Insyde CMOS setup options via a serial port. This allows embedded system designers and technicians access to CMOS setup on the LPM-LX800-G using only a laptop computer with a serial port.

#### **WINCOM.EXE Serial Console Client**

WINCOM.EXE is a DOS application that runs on a laptop or other 100% PC-compatible system. The client is started on the DOS command line with:

#### wincom [port] [interrupt] [baud\_rate]

(NOTE: Words in [] represent command arguments)

Argument **port** is replaced with the I/O port address of the desired COM port in hex (i.e. 3F8 for COM1 and 2F8 for COM2). This allows for the usage of nonstandard addresses for COM ports.

Argument **interrupt** is replaced with the IRQ number assigned to the desired COM port. Typically the values would be 4 for COM1 and 3 for COM2.

Argument **baud rate** is replaced with one of the following values which is the baud rate to use for the connection.

1200

2400

4800

9600

19200

38400

57600

115200

**NOTE**: WINCOM runs best in a pure DOS environment. It is possible to use WINCOM in a DOS box under Windows, but there are a number of limitations in doing so and success is not guaranteed due to differences in low-level hardware drivers. It is recommended that a DOS boot disk be made containing WINCOM.EXE, which can be used when access to the LPM-LX800-G is desired.

When run in a pure DOS environment, WINCOM passes all keys and key combinations directly to the target LPM-LX800-G. For example, **<CTRL><ALT><DEL>** will cause the LPM-LX800-G to reboot. If WINCOM is run from a DOS box under Windows, the same key combination will be interpreted as a Windows command. WINCOM will not receive the keystrokes and cannot pass them to the serial console.

There are however, three keystroke combinations reserved by WINCOM and are not passed to the target system:

**<ALT><END>** Exits WINCOM.

<altr><pgup> Prompts for upload filename. (Used in conjunction with SCOPY.EXE)
<altr>ALT><pgDn> Prompts for download filename. (Used in conjunction with SCOPY.EXE)

## **Getting Started with the Serial Console**

The LPM-LX800-G defaults to a standard video/keyboard configuration. In order to gain access to the system via the serial console for the first time, the following steps must be followed.

- 1. Copy WINCOM.EXE onto a DOS boot disk for the client (terminal) machine.
- 2. Attach a Null-Modem cable between COM1 of the LPM-LX800-G and a free COM port on the client machine.
- 3. Boot up the client machine and run WINCOM.EXE. If attached to COM1 on the client, type: wincom 3f8 4 38400 <Enter>, or if attached to COM2 on the client, type: wincom 2f8 3 38400 <Enter>
- 4. Wait for WINCOM to finish initializing and the screen to clear. A totally blank screen is perfectly normal at this point.
- 5. Apply power to the LPM-LX800-G. The BIOS should sense the WINCOM attachment to its COM1 port and turn on the serial console for that port at the default rate of 38400 baud.
- 6. The **Press F1 for Setup** messages should be visible on the WINCOM client screen. Press <**F1>** to access CMOS setup. Several key presses are often necessary.
- 7. Make whatever CMOS changes are required. If permanent serial console access is desired, select the **Serial Console Configuration** option and select the desired mode, COM port and baud rate. Refer to the next section for details on selecting these items.
- 8. Exit CMOS setup, saving the changes as desired.

## **Copy File using the Serial Console**

Besides being useful for accessing the CMOS setup menu, the serial console can be used effectively with non-graphical DOS applications or for command prompt access. The serial console can also be used in conjunction with the SCOPY.EXE utility to provide the ability to serially upload or download files from the LPM-LX800-G to the client PC and vice versa.

To use SCOPY, or any other DOS program, it must already be present on a disk currently accessible to the LPM-LX800-G. SCOPY is invoked at the DOS command prompt on the LPM-LX800-G with the command :

#### scopy [ com1 | com2 ] [-rq | -sq] file name [-bbaud\_rate]

**[com1 | com2]** is the COM port in use. This should match the COM port used by the LPM-LX800-G for serial console operations.

[-rq | -sq] is the direction flag. -rq will cause the LPM-LX800-G to receive a file. -sq will cause the LPM-LX800-G to send a file.

**file name** is the name of the file to be sent or received.

#### File Upload

To send a file called APP.EXE from a WINCOM client PC to the LPM-LX800-G, run SCOPY on the LPM-LX800-G from WINCOM. Assuming the serial connection is using COM2 on the LPM-LX800-G at a baud rate of 115200, a file upload would be initiated with following command:

#### scopy com2 -rq app.exe -b115200

Once SCOPY has been started on the LPM-LX800-G in receive mode, WINCOM must be told to send the file. To start the upload, press <ALT><PgUp> on the WINCOM client keyboard and WINCOM will present the following prompt:

#### File to upload:

Type the name of the file to be sent and press **<ENTER>**. If no file path is provided, the file must exist in the current directory on the WINCOM client PC. Otherwise, a path must be specified.

When a transfer starts, WINCOM will display the progress of the transfer as the number of records processed, similar to the statement below:

#### **Sending Record Number 000040**

When the file transfer is completed successfully, WINCOM reports:

#### wincom: File transfer complete

SCOPY also reports the result of the transfer:

#### scopy: File transfer complete

If there is a problem, either WINCOM or SCOPY will report that an error has occurred.

#### File Download

Assuming the same connection settings as those referenced above, to send a file called APP.EXE from the LPM-LX800-G to a WINCOM client PC, use the following command:

#### scopy com2 -sq app.exe -b115200

If no file path is provided, the file must exist in the current directory on the LPM-LX800-G. Otherwise, a path must be specified.

Once SCOPY has been started on the LPM-LX800-G in send mode, WINCOM must be told to receive the file. To start the download, press <ALT><PgDn> on the WINCOM client keyboard. WINCOM will respond with:

#### File to Download:

Type the name of the file to be downloaded and press **<ENTER>.** 

# I/O Port Map

Following is a list of PC I/O ports. I/O addresses marked with `\*\*' are generally unused and should be the basis for the first choices in I/O address selection for external I/O boards.

**NOTE:** The LPM-LX800-G uses a PnP BIOS resource allocation. Care must be taken to avoid contention with resources allocated by the BIOS.

<b>Hex Range</b>	<u>Usage</u>
000-00F	8237DMA Controller #1
**010-01F	Free
020-021	8259 PIC #1
**022-03F	Free
040-043	8254 PIT
**044-04D	Free
04E-04F	Reserved for on-board configuration
**050-05F	Free
060-06F	8042 Keyboard / Mouse Controller
070-07F	CMOS RAM, Clock / Calendar
080-09F	DMA Page Registers
0A0-0BF	8259 PIC #2
0C0-0DF	8237 DMA Controller #2
**0E0-0EF	Free
0F0-0F1	Math Co-processor Control
**0F2-0F7	Free
0F8-0FF	Math Co-processor
100-102	Video Controllers
**103-11F	Free
120-12F	Digital I/O
**130-14F	Free
150	Reserved for on-board configuration
**151-1CF	Free
1D0-1DF	Legacy Watchdog (1D0-Enabled; 1D8 - Pet)
1E8-1EB	Reserved for on-board configuration
1EC	Interrupt Status Register
1ED	Status LED
1EE-1EF	Watchdog Timer Control
1F0-1FF	IDE Controller #1
**200-277	Free
**278-27F	Free (Option for LPT)
**280-2A7	Free
**2A8-2AF	Free (Option for on-board serial ports)
2B0-2DF	Video Controllers
**2E0-2E7	Free
2E8-2EF	COM4 – (Default)
**2F0-2F7	Free
2F8-2FF	COM2 – (Default)
**300-377	Free
378-37B	LPT (Default)
**37C- 3A7	Free
**3A8- 3AF	Free (Option for on-board serial ports)
3B0-3BB	Video Controllers
**3BC-3BF	Free (Option for LPT)
3C0-3DF	Video Controllers
**3E0-3E7	Free
3E8- 3EF	COM3 – (Default)
**3F0-3F7	Free
3F8-3FF	COM1 - (Default)
564-568	Advanced Watchdog

# **Interrupt Map**

Hardware Interrupts (IRQs) are supported for both PC/104 (ISA) and PC/104-Plus (PCI) devices. The user must reserve IRQs in the BIOS CMOS configuration for use by legacy devices. The PCI/PnP BIOS will use unreserved IRQs when allocating resources during the boot process. The table below lists IRQ resources as used by the LPM-LX800-G.

```
IRQ0
        18.2 Hz heartbeat
IRQ1
        Keyboard
        Chained to Slave controller (IRQ 9)
IRQ2
IRQ3
        COM2 *
IRQ4
        COM1 *
IRQ5
        COM3 *
IRQ6
        COM4 *
IRQ7
        LPT *
IRQ8
        Real Time Clock
IRQ9
        FREE **
IRQ10
       PCI Interrupts
IRQ11
       PCI Interrupts
IRQ12
       Mouse
IRQ13 Floating point processor
IRQ14 IDE
IRQ15 FREE **
```

Some IRQs can be freed for other uses if the hardware features they are assigned to are not being used. To free an interrupt, use the CMOS setup screens to disable any unused board features or their IRQ assignments.

<sup>\*</sup> These IRQ references are default settings that can be changed by the user in the CMOS Settings utility. Reference the PCI Configurations section under Advanced Settings.

<sup>\*\*</sup> IRQ15 is currently unavailable under the Windows XPe or CE operating systems. IRQ9 is used by ACPI in XP and is unavailable for other uses.

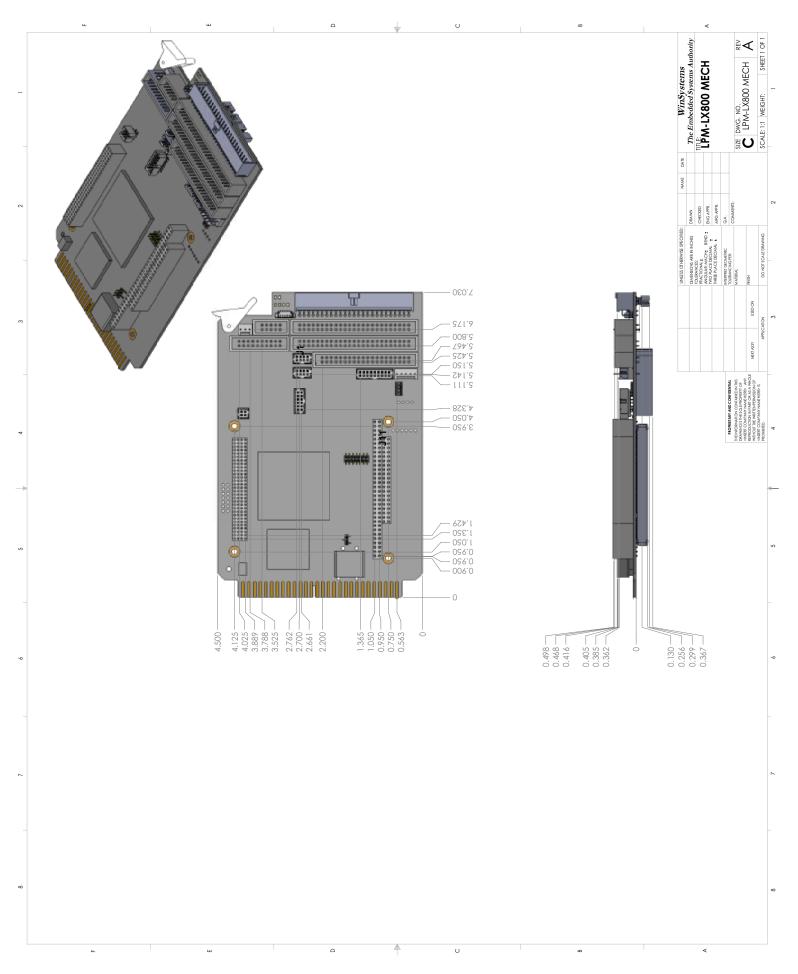
# **Cables**

Part Number	Description
CBL-SET-351-G-1	Cable set for LPM-LX800 includes:
CBL-173-G-1-1.0	20-pin ribbon to two 9-pin male D connector adapter
CBL-234-G-1-1.375	14-pin ribbon to 15-pin D-sub CRT adapter
CBL-247-G-1-1.0	1-ft., Multi-I/O adapter
CBL-270-G-3-1.5	Stereo Audio Access Cable (Line Out, MIC1, Line In)
CBL-275-G-1-0.5	2-mm., 8-pin, Dual USB
CBL-342-G-1-1.5	Ethernet Adapter Cable
CBL-343-G-1-1.375	PS/2 Mouse Adapter
Additional Cables	
CBL-115-4	4-ft., Opto rack interface
CBL-126-G-10-2.0	ATA100 IDE Disk Cable
CBL-270-G-2-1.5	Audio Access Cable (Line Out, MIC1, Line In, Surround, Center/LFE, MIC2)
CBL-296-1-1.5	LVDS Transmitter Cable
External Batteries	
BAT-LTC-E-36-16-1	External 3.6V, 1600 mAH battery with plug-in connector
BAT-LTC-E-36-27-1	External 3.6V, 2700 mAH battery with plug-in connector

# **Software Drivers & Examples**

BIOS	
LPM-LX800-G BIOS	See WinSystems website.
Ethernet Driver	
(Drivers for 82551ER/82559ER 10/100 Ethernet Controller)	
NDIS 4 (Windows 98)	82559ERWIN98.zip
NDIS 4 (Windows NT4/2000)	e100ndis4.zip
Windows NT Embedded 4.0	e100ent.zip
Windows XP/2000	e100exp.zip
DOS	e100bdos.zip
Linux 2.4, 2.6 10/100 Adapter Base Driver	e100-3.5.14.tar.gz
Linux 2.2, 10/100 Adapter Base Driver	e100-2.1.15.tar.gz
DOS Packet Drivers	packet.zip
Examples	
(For WS16C48 Compatible Digital I/O Chip)	
DOS Driver - C Functions	uio48ebc.zip
Linux Drivers - Kernel 2.2, 2.4	linux uio48 96.zip
Linux Drivers - Kernel 2.6	uio48io_kernel_2.6.zip
Windows XP Driver	wsuio48_96xp.zip
(Counter Timer Demo)	
Reprogramming DOS tick for high resolution timing	tickdemo.zip
Serial Console Utilities	
Serial Console Client	wincom.zip

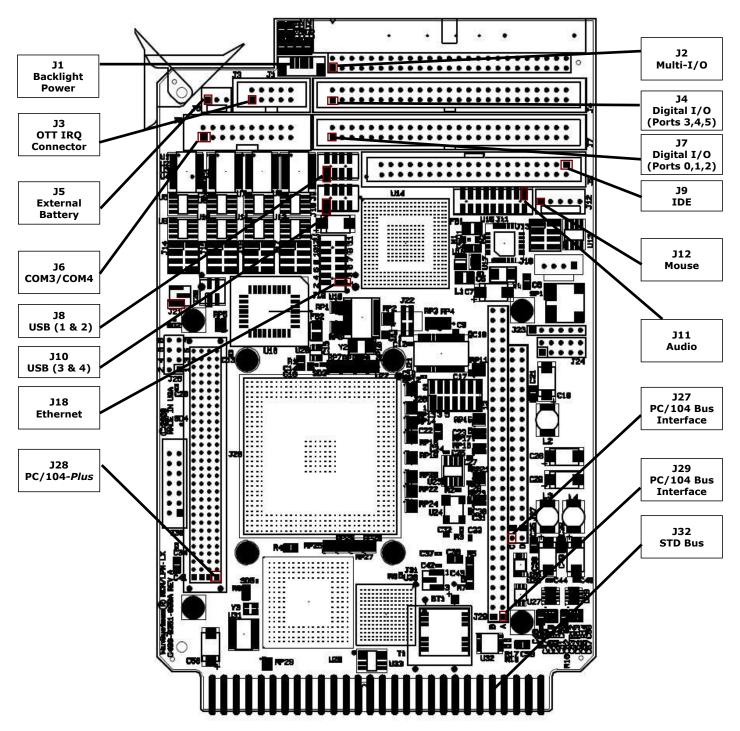
# **Mechanical Drawing**



# **Jumper Reference**

**Drawings ONLY** - for more detailed information on these parts, refer to the descriptions shown previously in this manual.

**Top View - Connectors** 



J20, J22, J23, J24, J25, J30 - RESERVED

**NOTE:** The reference line to each component part has been drawn to Pin 1, and is also highlighted with a square, where applicable.

D1 D4 USB\_D D3 D5 D6 D2 IDE Activity USB\_C USB\_B Status LED USB\_A LED J13 Flat Panel J14 COM3 **Options** J15 COM4 SP1 Speaker **J26** J16 **EEPROM Access**; COM1 Digital I/O Power J31 Master Battery **Enable** J21 CompactFlash Master/Slave **J17** COM2

**Top View - Jumpers & LEDs** 

**NOTE:** The reference line to each component part has been drawn to Pin 1, and is also highlighted with a square, where applicable.

#### **Master Battery Enable**

J31



Enables On-board Battery (default)	1-2
Disables On-board Battery	12

(COM3) DSR (COM3) RTS (COM3) RI N/C (COM4) DSR (COM4) RTS (COM4) CTS (COM4) RTS

J6 (COM3/COM4) 
 2
 4
 6
 8
 10
 12
 14
 16
 18
 20

 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0

 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0

 1
 3
 5
 7
 9
 11
 13
 15
 17
 19

DCD (COM3)
RX (COM3)
TX (COM3)
DTR (COM4)
BCD (COM4)
RX (COM4)
TX (COM4)
DTR (COM4)

#### CompactFlash Master/Slave

J21

3 o 2 o 1 o

CompactFlash Slave (default) 1 2	CompactFlash Master	1-2
	CompactFlash Slave (default)	12

## **Panel Options**

J13



Avoid Simultaneous Jumpering of pins 1-2 and 3-4.

Misjumpering panel power could cause damage to the board and/or the Flat Panel.

Panel Power	5V 3.3V (default)	1-2, 3 4 1 2, 3-4
Panel	S0 Low S0 High	5-6 5 6
Options	S1 Low S1 High	7-8 7-8

### EEPROM Access; Digital I/O Power

**J26** 

1 o o 2
3 o o 4
5 o o 6
7 o o 8
9 o o 10
11 o-o 12
13 o o 14

Reserved	1-10
EEPROM Enabled (default)	11-12
EEPROM Disabled	11 12
+5V is provided at pin 49 of <b>J4/J7</b>	13-14
No Power at Pin 49 of <b>J4/J7</b> (default)	13 14

# Multi-I/O

	(COM1) DSR	(COM1) RTS	(COM1) CTS	(COM1) RI	(COM2) DCD	(COM2) RSX	(COM2) TXD	(COM2) DTR	(COM2) GND	(LPT) AUTOFD	(LPT) ERROR	(LPT)INIT	(LPT) SLCTIN	(LPT) GND	(LPT) GND	(KEYBD) GND	KEYBD) GND	(KEYBD) CLK	(KEYBD) +5V						
	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46	48	50
J2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	o	o	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1	3	5	7	9	11	13	15	17	19	21	23	25	27	29	31	33	35	37	39	41	43 4	45 ·	47 ·	49
_	DCD (COM1)	RXD (COM1)	TXD (COM1)	DTR (COM1)	GND (COM1)	DSR (COM2)	RTS (COM2)	CTS (COM2)	RI (COM2)	STROBE	PD0 (LPT)	PD1 (LPT)	PD2 (LPT)	PD3 (LPT)	PD4 (LPT)	PD5 (LPT)	PD6 (LPT)	PD7 (LPT)	ACK (LPT)	BUSY (LPT)	PE (LPT)	SLCT (LPT)	ш	KDATA (KEYBD)	+5V (KEYBD)

# **Specifications**

**Electrical** 

LPM-LX800-G CPU :AMD Geode™ LX800

Clock :500 MHz

PC/104 Interface :16-bit, nonstackthrough PC/104-Plus Interface :32-bit PCI, nonstackthrough

Ethernet data rate :10/100 Mbps

:Four (4) USB 2.0-compliant ports **USB Interface** 

Serial Interface :Four (4) Serial channels with RS-232/RS-422/RS-485

:48 lines Digital I/O

**CRT** :Up to 1920x1200 resolution Flat Panel :Up to 1600x1200 resolution

Audio :AC97, 6 channels

LPT Interface :Bidirectional LPT with SPP

:Supports two (2) drives (UDMA 33/66) **IDE Interface** 

Keyboard :Standard PS/2 or USB interface Mouse :Standard PS/2 or USB interface VCC :+5V required, 1.6A typical

**System Memory** 

:Up to 1 GB 200-pin PC2700 SDRAM SODIMM Capacity

**Solid State Disk Device** :One (1), Type I/II CompactFlash card

Mechanical

Dimensions :4.50" x 7.00" (114.30 mm x 177.80 mm)

:0.025" square posts Jumpers

#### **Connectors**

Serial, Parallel, Keyboard: 50-pin 0.100" COM3/COM4 :20-pin 0.100"

:40-pin 0.100" (Primary) **EIDE** Digital I/O :Two (2), 50-pin 0.100"

**CRT** :14-pin 2 mm **Digital Panel** :31-pin Hirose **LVDS** :20-pin 2 mm :12-pin 2 mm **Ethernet** 

**USB** :Two (2), 10-pin 2 mm

OTT :10-pin 0.100" Audio :18-pin, 2 mm :5-pin inline Molex Mouse :64-pin, 0.100" **PC/104 Bus** 

:40-pin, 0.100"

PC/104-Plus :120-pin (4 x 30, 2 mm) STD Bus :56-pin 0.125" card edge

**Backlight Power** :5-pin inline Molex

**Environmental** 

Operating Temperature :-40°C to +85°C Noncondensing relative

**Humidity** :5% to 95%

# **Warranty Information**

(http://www.winsystems.com/company/warranty.cfm)

#### **WARRANTY**

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#### **WARRANTY SERVICE**

- 1. To obtain service under this warranty, obtain a return authorization number. In the United States, contact the WinSystems' Service Center for a return authorization number. Outside the United States, contact your local sales agent for a return authorization number.
- 2. You must send the product postage prepaid and insured. You must enclose the products in an anti-static bag to protect from damage by static electricity. WinSystems is not responsible for damage to the product due to static electricity.